AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

- 1 1-28. (Cancelled)
- 1 29. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, wherein computing the costs based on
- 2 the probabilities of over-predicting the parts comprises computing the costs associated with
- 3 unnecessarily sending the corresponding parts to the onsite repair.
- 1 30. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, wherein computing the costs based on
- 2 the probabilities of under-predicting the parts comprises computing the costs associated with not
- 3 sending the corresponding parts when needed to the onsite repair.
- 1 31.-32. (Cancelled)
- 1 33. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, wherein computing the costs based on
- 2 the probabilities of over-predicting and under-predicting is according to:
- numbers of times that the corresponding parts were under-predicted;
- 4 numbers of times that the corresponding parts were over-predicted;
- 5 numbers of times that the corresponding parts were correctly predicted.
- 1 34. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 33, further comprising:
- 2 computing the probabilities of under-predicting the parts using the numbers of times that
- 3 the parts were under-predicted; and
- 4 computing the probabilities of over-predicting the parts using the numbers of times the
- 5 parts were over-predicted.
- 1 35. (Cancelled)
- 1 36. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, wherein determining the costs includes
- 2 determining an average of the costs associated with under-predicting and over-predicting the
- 3 parts.

- 1 37. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, wherein selecting the subset of the parts
- 2 includes selecting the subset of the parts for transport to the onsite repair.
- 1 38. (Currently Amended) A method executed by a computer, comprising:
- determining, by the computer, costs of mis-predicting parts that may be replaced during
- an onsite repair of a product in response to a repair history, wherein the costs are computed based
- 4 on probabilities of over-predicting and under-predicting the parts;
- selecting, by the computer, a subset of the parts to be sent to the onsite repair in response
- 6 to the costs; and
- selecting, by the computer, another subset of the parts for training of call qualifiers in
- 8 response to the costs.
- 1 39. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, wherein selecting the subset of the parts
- 2 includes selecting the subset of the parts for flagging to call qualifiers.
- 1 40. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, wherein selecting the subset of the parts
- 2 includes selecting the subset of the parts for stocking a repair vehicle.
- 1 41. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, further comprising determining which
- 2 products are least desirable to support in response to the costs.
- 1 42. (Currently Amended) A method executed by a computer, comprising:
- determining, by the computer, costs of mis-predicting parts that may be replaced during
- an onsite repair of a product in response to a repair history, wherein the costs are computed based
- 4 on probabilities of over-predicting and under-predicting the parts;
- selecting, by the computer, a subset of the parts to be sent to the onsite repair in response
- 6 to the costs; and
- determining, by the computer, which personnel to target for additional training in
- 8 response to the costs.

- 1 43. (Cancelled).
- 1 44. (Previously Presented) An apparatus having a computing device that determines costs of
- 2 mis-predicting parts that may be replaced during an onsite repair of a product in response to a
- 3 repair history and that selects a subset of the parts to be sent to the onsite repair in response to the
- 4 costs,
- wherein the costs are computed based on probabilities of over-predicting and under-
- 6 predicting the parts,
- wherein the computing device computes the costs based on the probabilities by
- 8 determining numbers of times that the corresponding parts were under-predicted and numbers of
- 9 times that the parts were over-predicted and numbers of times that the corresponding parts were
- 10 correctly predicted, the repair history containing the numbers of times that the corresponding
- parts were under-predicted, the numbers of times that the parts were over-predicted, and the
- numbers of times that the corresponding parts were correctly predicted.
 - 1 45. (Cancelled)
- 1 46. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 44, wherein the repair history includes an
- 2 identification of a set of parts sent to a set of prior onsite repairs and a list of actual parts needed
- 3 in the prior onsite repairs.
- 1 47. (Cancelled)
- 1 48. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 44, wherein the costs determined by the
- 2 computing device comprise waste metrics for a plurality of sets of parts and the subset of parts
- 3 selected comprises less than all the sets of parts for the onsite repair in response to the waste
- 4 metrics.
- 1 49. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 44, wherein the parts are selected for
- 2 transport to the onsite repair.

- 1 50. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 44, wherein the parts are selected for
- 2 training of call qualifiers.
- 1 51. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 44, wherein the parts are selected for
- 2 flagging to call qualifiers.
- 1 52. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 44, wherein the parts are selected for
- 2 stocking a repair vehicle.
- 1 53. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 44, wherein the computing device
- 2 determines which products are least desirable to support in response to the costs.
- 1 54. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 44, wherein the computing device
- 2 determines which personnel to target for additional training in response to the costs.
- 1 55. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, wherein determining the costs of mis-
- 2 predicting the parts is for a particular onsite repair of a particular product, and wherein selecting
- 3 the subset of the parts is for the particular onsite repair of the particular product.
- 1 56. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, wherein determining the costs of mis-
- 2 predicting parts comprises determining the costs of mis-predicting corresponding sets of parts.
- 1 57. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 56, wherein selecting the subset of parts
- 2 comprises selecting less than all of the sets of parts.

- 1 58. (Currently Amended) A method executed by a computer, comprising:
- determining, by the computer, costs of mis-predicting parts that may be replaced during
- 3 an onsite repair of a product in response to a repair history, wherein the costs are computed based
- 4 on probabilities of over-predicting and under-predicting the parts; and
- selecting, by the computer, a subset of the parts to be sent to the onsite repair in response
- 6 to the costs,
- wherein determining the costs of mis-predicting comprises determining expected wastes
- 8 for the corresponding parts, wherein each expected waste is computed based on a number of
- 9 times the corresponding part was under-predicted, a number of times the corresponding part was
- over-predicted, a number of times the corresponding part was correctly predicted, a cost of over-
- predicting the corresponding part, and a cost of under-predicting the corresponding part, wherein
- the repair history contains the number of times the corresponding part was under-predicted, the
- number of times the corresponding part was over-predicted, and the number of times the
- 14 corresponding part was correctly predicted.
- 1 59. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, wherein computing the costs based on
- 2 the probabilities of over-predicting and under-predicting takes into account a cost of an extra trip
- 3 to a repair site and a cost of one of restocking and storing an unneeded part.
- 1 60. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 42, wherein selecting the subset of parts
- 2 comprises selecting less than all the parts.
- 1 61. (Cancelled).